TANZANIA

Remy Simon
Dear Traveller,

Thank you for considering Tanzania as your next holiday destination. This brochure will help you discover more about the world’s premier wildlife destination. From the pristine beaches of Zanzibar, Pemba and Mafia islands, to the snows of Kilimanjaro or the open savannahs of the Serengeti, the whole wilderness is yours to explore and take away memories you will cherish forever.

At Roy Safaris, we think that an African safari offers our guests a life-changing experience that no other holiday can provide. Across the decades we have been in operation, we often find guests make return trips with family and friends so they may capture the magic of Africa. Someone has rightfully said, “It is never possible to shake the ancient African dust off your boots!”

For all of us at Roy Safaris, there could not have been better time than now as we progress towards our silver jubilee to offer you the finest holiday experiences. We are an internationally recognized brand name with outstanding reviews on print and electronic media. As an organization that is committed to sustainable tourism, we have made significant investments in the communities surrounding us and have an effective strategy to reduce our carbon footprint.

If you are travelling with us for the first time, we sincerely hope that you will be our goodwill ambassador to your friends and family. Let us share with you, our passion, our Tanzania…The land of Kilimanjaro, Zanzibar, Serengeti and more...

Welcome to Tanzania, Karibu Tanzania

Team Roy Safaris.
Why Roy Safaris?

PERSONAL SERVICE: We CARE!

One of the core objectives for creating Roy Safaris, was a need to provide personalized services. Therefore, at each stage of our service delivery, our team members strive to provide you, our guest with a smile and personalized service!

GREAT VALUE: Right PRICES!

We provide QUALITY at the RIGHT price. In an era that is significantly controlled by electronic means of communication, it is very hard to make the right choice since service is an intangible item. With Roy Safaris, you can be assured that you will always get great value for your money.

SUPERIOR VEHICLES: The trend setters!

In order to enjoy your safari experience, it is of paramount importance that you have the right safari vehicle. From novice to professional photographers, Roy Safaris has the right safari vehicle for your requirements. Each of Roy Safaris safari vehicles are custom built to include extended leg room, large windows, reclining seats, extended windscreen, full air-conditioning on select vehicles, refrigerator, pop up and soft roof tops and an inverter system to recharge your camera batteries. Attention to detail in this area has enabled Roy Safaris vehicle designs to be the trendsetters!

TEAM ROY SAFARIS: Simply the Best!

- **Safari consultants and support staff**: You are the reason we have a business, our team members are there to answer your every need and provide you with their expert knowledge so that you can have a holiday of a lifetime!
- **Driver/Guides**: At Roy Safaris, we are proud to be associated with some of the best driver/guides the industry has to offer. Our concept of centralized operations coupled with investment in in-house training in communication skills ensures that you have a driver/guide that is fun, loves his job, and cares about the outcome of your safari experience!
- **Mountain trekking team**: From the guides to support staff on the mountain, you can be assured that you have with you some of the most professional individuals to lead you through the treks of your choice. Their dedication and care results in your success to reach the ultimate trekking experience!
Our commitment

Corporate Social responsibility (CSR).

We strongly believe in giving back to the community that we operate in, in order to ensure that we have long term sustainable plan, we created “Sasha Foundation” (www.sashafoundation.org), an organization dedicated towards our corporate social responsibility. Funding for this project is achieved entirely from our sister companies, partners in trade and our customers.

Each year, we pick a project that we can complete. For period 2011/2012 we have committed to building a modern nursery school at Tloma Village-Karatu district. At the time of printing this brochure we have almost completed a classroom and teachers office. By 2012 end, we would have completed the dining room and play area for the children (See pictures below). For more details on our CSR and past projects and how you can partner with us, visit our website on www.roysafaris.com

![Almost complete classroom.](image)

![Foundation of dining area and a teachers quarter completed.](image)

REFORESTATION.

We recognize that our activities do leave a carbon footprint and that every effort should be made to reduce this footprint. Under this program, we aim to create awareness amongst our team and also encourage reforestation. In the last 5 years, we have planted 21,000 indigenous trees near Ngorongoro. The forest that we have grown has brought in a number of bird species and a number of African Hares.

![Birdlife returning](image)

![Close up of forest](image)

![Broader area showing forest regrown.](image)
How to get to Ngorongoro: this majestic place is all about. We are convinced that you will agree, it deserves to be ranked.

Words alone cannot express the beauty of Ngorongoro, you have to see for yourself what west from the crater you will find Olduvai Gorge, where the earliest remains of the human wildlife concentrations to the "cradle of mankind", it has it all. The Ngorongoro Crater's

Ngorongoro is often regarded as the 8th wonder of the world, from stunning landscapes, migration is over, there is a lot of resident wildlife to be seen and wildebeests and a couple of hundred zebras. Therefore, when the misconception that after the annual migration in late July, the short grass plains and woodland area. There is a common and its wildlife density. The landscape can roughly be divided into

Masaai people. Serengeti national park covers an area of

Serengeti National Park

Game drive, balloon ride, see the kopjes (rock[Image -2x2 to 622x873] of the world-famous Galapagos Islands. Further south from Mkomazi are the Usambara Mountains. The eastern part of this

What to do:

formed by the Mkata river basin and miombo woodland. The plains area of this park resembles ecosystem. This park is interesting in its own right because of the landscape composed of plains Mikumi National Park

drives along the great Ruaha allows visitors to truly enjoy this giant park. This is Africa's largest national park covering an area of 22,000 sq km. As the name Selous Game Reserve was declared a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1982. The reserve is

How to get to Selous:

activity and therefore offers visitors a unique safari experience. Mus, 20,400 buffaloes and impressive populations of Sable antelope, Greater kudu, about four times the size of Serengeti National Park with a diverse habitat from open grass

Selous Game Reserve

reserves. Unlike its northern peers, the a/t_tractions here are largely undisturbed by human

The safari circuit in Southern Tanzania consists of several important game parks and

reserves. Unlike its northern peers, the a/t_tractions here are largely undisturbed by human

The village.

Safaris, bird watching, balloon safaris.

By Road from Dar es Salaam. This is a four hour drive on very good road.

It is about 2 hour (120km) drive southwest of Arusha.

Arusha National Park

relatively small size (552 sq km), this park has a lot to offer such as the black and white Colobus monkeys, flamingos, elephants, giraffes, buffaloes, plus a variety of bird and plant

park to the safari capital of Tanzania. It is home to Mt Meru, Tanzania's "other mountain"

This national park lies about 45km east of Arusha town. It is therefore the closest national

Amani Nature Reserve

What to do:

Game drives, bird watching, hiking and visit the Mkomazi Rhino sanctuary. Game drives, bird watching, hiking and visit the Mkomazi Rhino sanctuary.

Mkomazi National Park

and black rhinos. Mkomazi boasts of over 400 species of birds. species of mammals such as the fringe-eared Oryx, lesser kudu, gerenuk, African wild dog

government together with wildlife experts have worked to restore healthy numbers of game

Tanzania, some 200km from Arusha. To the north, lies Tsavo National Park, northwest

Mkomazi is Tanzania's newest park covering some 3,245sq km. It is located in northeast

What to do:

What to do:
Tanzania has dedicated a third of its land (over 300,000 sq km) for conservation. Roy Safaris invites YOU to explore these areas with us...

**Arusha National Park**

This national park lies about 45km east of Arusha town. It is therefore the closest national park to the safari capital of Tanzania. It is home to Mt Meru, Tanzania’s “other mountain” standing at 4565m, the Ngurdoto crater and the stunning Momella lakes. Despite its relatively small size (552 sq km), this park has a lot to offer such as the black and white Colobus monkeys, flamingos, elephants, giraffes, buffaloes, plus a variety of bird and plant species.

**How to get to Arusha National park:** From Arusha, it is roughly an hours drive. **What to do:** Walking safari, climbing Mount Meru, game drives to the Ngurdoto crater and the Momella lakes. At dawn or late afternoon one can see Mt. Kilimanjaro quite clearly.

**Tarangire National Park**

This park is the Northern Circuit’s best kept secret. It is often overshadowed by neighbouring Lake Manyara National Park. Tarangire, however, offers a unique and diverse landscape compared to any park in the Northern Circuit. The presence of a permanent source of water makes Tarangire especially good during the dry season (June-Oct, Dec-Feb) as plenty of wild animals migrate here. Tarangire is best known for its baobab trees, plus large concentrations of big mammals, including leopards and other carnivores. The park covers an area of 2,850 sq km.

**How to get to Tarangire:** It is about 2 hour (120km) drive southwest of Arusha.

**What to do:** Daytime game drives (or night drives in close proximity to the park), walking safaris, bird watching, balloon safaris.
Lake Manyara National Park

This park lies about 120 km northwest of Arusha. 60% of this park’s total area of 330 sq km is covered by the lake. The remaining 40% (or 132 sq km) is a forest harbouring over 350 species of birds and an array of mammals such as elephants, giraffes, hippos, Blue monkeys, impala, lions and leopards to name a few. The forest at Lake Manyara is always green due to ground water that finds its way from the Ngorongoro highlands. It is for this reason Lake Manyara park is a good starting point for a broader safari in the Northern Circuit.

How to get to Lake Manyara National park: 2 hours drive on paved roads.
What to do: Game drives (day and night), balloon rides, bird watching, visiting the hot springs, walking/biking along the Rift Valley and cultural tourism program at Mto wa Mbu village.

Ngorongoro Conservation Area Authority

Ngorongoro is located some 180 km west of Arusha. It is a multiple land use project and a UNESCO World Heritage Site since 1979. The Ngorongoro conservation area covers 8,200 sq km, being part and parcel of a broader Serengeti ecosystem. The area’s separate existence came about to reduce the conflicts over land use and wildlife management in Serengeti National Park. It allows human settlement side-by-side with the wildlife population. The pastoralist community in the area, the Masaai, have co-existed in perfect harmony with the wildlife. Visitors will often see children tending to cattle in an area which is known to have among the largest density of large carnivores!
Ngorongoro is often regarded as the 8th wonder of the world, from stunning landscapes, wildlife concentrations to the “cradle of mankind”, it has it all. The Ngorongoro Crater’s intact caldera is home to the very rare Black rhino and the largest concentration of wildlife per square kilometre anywhere in the world. Further northeast from the crater you have the Olmoti and Empakaai Craters which are perfect locations for walking safaris. Further west from the crater you will find Olduvai Gorge, where the earliest remains of the human beings were found. A little further from Olduvai you will reach the Ndufu Plains, home to wildebeest herds who calve in this area around late January and early February. This is also the area where you will find a healthy population of cheetahs and other carnivores who make their way to the park when the wildebeest are in residence.

Words alone cannot express the beauty of Ngorongoro, you have to see for yourself what this majestic place is all about. We are convinced that you will agree, it deserves to be ranked as the 8th wonder of the world!

**How to get to Ngorongoro:** It is 180km or 3-hours drive from Arusha on paved roads.

**What to do:** Game drive, hike in the Ngorongoro Highlands, tour Olduvai gorge, visit the Masaai people, see the monolithic Nasera rock.

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**Serengeti National Park**

This is the ultimate safari experience, it is every visitor’s desire to see the “land of endless plains” as it is known by the nomadic Masaai people. Serengeti national park covers an area of 14,760 sq km. It is famed for the annual wildebeest migration and its wildlife density. The landscape can roughly be divided into short grass plains and woodland area. There is a common misconception that after the annual migration in late July, the park is virtually empty. In fact, the “migration” typically involves wildebeest and a couple of hundred zebras. Therefore, when the migration is over, there is a lot of resident wildlife to be seen and photographed.

**How to get to Serengeti:** It is a 6-7 hour journey by road from Arusha or you can fly to any one of several airstrips in Serengeti (several flights daily).

**What to do:** Game drive, balloon ride, see the kopjes (rock outcroppings), walking safari and night game drives outside the park.
Mkomazi National Park

Mkomazi is Tanzania’s newest park covering some 3,245sq km. It is located in northeast Tanzania, some 200km from Arusha. To the north, lies Tsavo National Park, northwest Kilimanjaro and to the south the Pare and Usambara Mountains. Since 1989 the government together with wildlife experts have worked to restore healthy numbers of game to the park. Given the geography of the area, Mkomazi exhibits a unique habitat for over 75 species of mammals such as the fringe-eared Oryx, lesser kudu, gerenuk, African wild dog and black rhinos. Mkomazi boasts of over 400 species of birds.

How to get to Mkomazi: From Arusha, the drive is about 2.5 hours on a good road passing through Moshi and Same. The drive will give you an opportunity to experience stunning landscapes and observe local communities as you drive through.

What to do: Game drives, bird watching, hiking and visit the Mkomazi Rhino sanctuary.

Amani Nature Reserve

Further south from Mkomazi are the Usambara Mountains. The eastern part of this mountain range is home to Amani Nature Reserve. Due to the diversity of the plants found in this reserve, the significance of this area in terms of biological diversity can be equated to the world-famous Galapagos islands.

How to get to Amani Nature Reserve: From Arusha it is a 6-hour drive on a good tarmac road.

What to do: This is a nature lovers paradise with so many plant species to be seen and forest inhabitants such as the three-horned chameleon and butterflies. Since this is a forest reserve activities in this area are best enjoyed by walking/hiking.
Southern Tanzania

The safari circuit in Southern Tanzania consists of several important game parks and reserves. Unlike its northern peers, the attractions here are largely undisturbed by human activity and therefore provide visitors with an authentic wilderness experience.

Selous Game Reserve

Selous Game Reserve was declared a UNESCO World Heritage Site in 1982. The reserve is about four times the size of Serengeti National Park with a diverse habitat from open grasslands, riverine forests and swamps to miombo woodlands. Records indicate that there are over 2100 plant species, 350 bird species, over 106,000 elephants, 18,200 hippopotamus, 20,400 buffaloes and impressive populations of Sable antelope, Greater kudu, Lichtenstein’s hartebeest and eland to name a few. Selous also has a healthy population of African wild dogs and other carnivores. The reserve is largely void of any significant human activity and therefore offers visitors a unique safari experience.

How to get to Selous: There are several flights that operate from Arusha, Zanzibar or Dar es Salaam on a daily basis.
What to do: Boat Safaris, bird watching safaris, walking safaris and game drives.

Ruaha National Park

This is Africa’s largest national park covering an area of 22,000 sq km. As the name suggests, the park derives its name from the great Ruaha river that runs along its south eastern border. Ruaha’s résumé includes largest population of elephants in any national park in Tanzania, over 450 bird species, African wild dog and sable antelope. While this park remains largely untouched by human activities, the presence of a well-planned road for game drives along the great Ruaha allows visitors to truly enjoy this giant park.

How to get to Ruaha: By Road from Arusha, Dar es Salaam or Iringa, there are daily flights from Arusha, Zanzibar and Dar es Salaam to Msembe airstrip at Ruaha.

Mikumi National Park

Mikumi National Park covers an area of 3230 sq km and is part of the broader Selous ecosystem. This park is interesting in its own right because of the landscape composed of plains formed by the Mkata river basin and miombo woodland. The plains area of this park resembles the landscape seen at Serengeti National Park with short grass plains and acacia. It is famous for its tree climbing lions, plus other plains animals such as elephants, zebras, buffalo, eland, impala and kudu and over 400 species of birdlife including some migratory european birds.

How to get to Mikumi: By Road from Dar es Salaam. This is a four hour drive on very good road.
What to do: Game drive, hiking/walking safaris, birdwatching.
Western Tanzania

GOMBE, KATAVI AND MAHALE NATIONAL PARKS

These national parks lie to the west of Tanzania. Access to these parks is by shared charter flight that operates out of Arusha every Monday and Thursdays. Departures are at 08:00hrs and return to Arusha around 18:00 hrs. It is also possible to plan an extension to western parks with a special pick up request from one of the airstrips in Serengeti national park.

GOMBE STREAM NATIONAL PARK

This national park is located 20km north of Kigoma town. It is the smallest national park in Tanzania, just 52sq km, but famed worldwide for its primates and the work of chimpanzee expert Dr. Jane Goodall. Her work has challenged the notion that only humans are capable of intellectual and emotional sophistication. Visitors have a chance to see primates but will be equally captivated by Gombe’s diverse wildlife. This includes Beachcomber Olive baboons, Red-tailed and Vervet monkeys plus 200 bird species.

What to do: Chimpanzee tracking, walking safaris and snorkeling on Lake Tanganyika.

How to get to Gombe: Shared charter flights.

KATAVI NATIONAL PARK

This is the country’s third largest national park covering 4,471 sq km of southwest of Tanzania. Katavi is one of less visited parks and therefore offers visitors a sense of remoteness and tranquility. It boasts large herds of elephants and buffaloes. Katavi’s lifeline, the Katuma River is home to many hippos and crocodiles.

What to do at Katavi: Game drives, walking safaris.

How to get to Katavi: Shared charter flights.

MAHALE MOUNTAINS NATIONAL PARK

This park in western Tanzania is 130km south of Kigoma township. The landscape in Mahale is rugged and hilly. It is home to about 9 different primates including a habituated group of chimpanzees referred to as the “M” group.

What to do at Mahale: Chimpanzee tracking (Allow 2 days), hiking, fishing on Lake Tanganyika.

How to get to Mahale: Shared charter flights.
Safari ideas

At Roy Safaris we strongly believe in delivering personalized service—that starts with the right idea, planning and finally to delivery of your dream safari. Over 70% of our programs are tailor made to suit individual needs, however in this brochure we provide you with some of our most popular safari ideas.

Please note: Your safari consultant will be happy to work with you to design a tailor made solution for you. Due to weather conditions and associated wildlife pattern, your consultant may suggest some changes to add value to your program. There are numerous activities such as walking safari, Balloon ride, night game drives, cultural tours, beach extension etc designed to enhance your safari itinerary. Please ask us for these options.

Northern Tanzania

CLASSIC TANZANIA - RS 106: Arusha-Tarangire-Serengeti-Ngorongoro

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for overnight at The African Tulip.
Day 2: 08:30hrs Drive to Tarangire National park (120km, 2 hrs), game drive in the park followed by lunch. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Tarangire Sopa lodge.
Day 3: Breakfast, game drive as you exit Tarangire National park. With picnic lunches drive to Serengeti national park viewing wildlife en-route the lodge. Dinner and overnight at Serengeti Sopa or Serengeti Serena lodge.
Day 4: Full day game drive in Serengeti. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Serengeti Sopa/Serengeti Serena lodge.
Day 5: After breakfast, game drive as you exit the Serengeti national park. Visit olduvai gorge and onward to Ngorongoro Sopa/Serena lodge for dinner and overnight.
Day 6: 06:00hrs Descend into Ngorongoro crater for a tour of the crater. Picnic breakfast at a location within the crater. More game drives. Return to lodge for late lunch, rest. Dinner and overnight at Ngorongoro Sopa/Serena lodge.
Day 7: After breakfast, drive to Arusha in time for lunch (Arrival around 12pm).

OPTIONS: This is a classic itinerary, we can make use of other lodges and tented camps—ask your safari consultant for ideas.

Add on activities:-
1. Balloon ride in Tarangire/Serengeti.
2. Crater rim hike at Ngorongoro.
3. Endoro falls walk/Visit Roy Safaris reforestation program (day 7 morning).
ENCHANTING TANZANIA - RS 108E : Tarangire-Lake Manyara-Serengeti-Ngorongoro.

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for over night at The African Tulip.
Day 2: 08:30hrs Drive to Tarangire National park (120km, 2 hrs), game drive in the park followed by lunch. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Tarangire River camp.
Day 3: Breakfast, Full day game drive in Tarangire. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Tarangire River camp.
Day 4: After breakfast, game drive as you exit the Tarangire National park, drive to Lake Manyara National park for game drive. Picnic lunch at a location within the park. Afternoon / evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Kirurumu tented lodge/Lake Manyara Serena lodge.
Day 5: Breakfast, drive to Serengeti national park viewing wildlife en-route the camp. Dinner and overnight at Ecolodge Africa/Mbalageti tented camp/Soroi Serengeti/Kirawira luxury tented camp.
Day 6: 06:00hrs Sunrise game drive followed by lunch at the camp. More game drives. Lunch. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Ecolodge Africa/Mbalageti tented camp/Soroi Serengeti/Kirawira luxury tented camp.
Day 7: After breakfast, game drive as you exit the Serengeti national park. Drive to Olduvai gorge-visit the museum. Picnic lunch. Drive to Ngorongoro Serena lodge/Ngorongoro Farm House for dinner and overnight.
Day 8: 06:00hrs Descend into Ngorongoro crater for a tour of the crater. Picnic breakfast at a location within the crater. More game drives. Return to lodge for late lunch, rest. Dinner and overnight at Ngorongoro Serena lodge/Ngorongoro Farm House.
Day 9: After breakfast, drive to Arusha in time for lunch (Arrival around 12pm).

*Itinerary qualifies for a circuit discount using select lodges-ask for more details.

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for overnight at The African Tulip.

Day 2: 08h30 Drive to Tarangire National park (120km, 2 hrs), game drive in the park followed by lunch. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Tarangire Swala camp / Tarangire Tree tops.

Day 3: Breakfast, Full day game drive in Tarangire. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Tarangire Swala camp/Tarangire Tree tops.

Day 4: After breakfast, game drive as you exit the Tarangire National park, drive to Lake Manyara National park for game drive. Lunch at the camp. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Lake Manyara Tree lodge.

Day 5: Breakfast, game drive as you exit the Lake Manyara National park. Drive to the Manor at Ngorongoro/Ngorongoro crater lodge for late lunch, dinner and overnight.

Day 6: 06:00hrs Descend into Ngorongoro crater for a tour of the crater. Picnic breakfast at a location within the crater. More game drives. Return to the lodge for late lunch, rest. Dinner and overnight at the Manor at Ngorongoro/Ngorongoro crater lodge.

Day 7: After breakfast, drive to a nearby maasai village and onward to Olduvai gorge-visit the museum, picnic lunch. Drive to Serengeti national park viewing wildlife en-route to the camp. Dinner and overnight at Serengeti Migration camp/Serengeti under canvas.

Day 8: 06:00hrs Sunrise game drive followed by late breakfast, more game drives. Lunch. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Serengeti Migration camp / Serengeti under canvas.

Day 9: After breakfast, game drive en-route Serengeti airstrip for a REGIONAL Air/ Tanganyika Flying company flight to Arusha (Arrival-midday). Met on arrival and transfer to Arusha for lunch and onward arrangements.

*Qualifies for a circuit discount based on use of select camps-ask us for details.

OPTIONS:
1. Based on your travel dates, your safari consultant may suggest slight variation due to rainfall/wildlife pattern.
2. We can make use of other lodges and tented camps-ask your safari consultant for ideas.

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for overnight at The African Tulip.

Day 2: 08:30hrs Drive to Tarangire National park (120km, 2 hrs), game drive in the park followed by lunch. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Tarangire River camp.

Day 3: Breakfast, Full day game drive in Tarangire. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Tarangire River camp.

Day 4: After breakfast, game drive as you exit the Tarangire National park, drive to Lake Manyara National park for game drive. Picnic lunch at a location within the park. Afternoon/ evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Kirurumu tented lodge/Lake Manyara Serena lodge.

Day 5: Breakfast, drive to Ndutu area viewing wildlife en-route the lodge. Lunch. Afternoon/ evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Ndutu Safari lodge/Lake Masek camp.

Day 6: 06:00hrs Sunrise game drive, picnic breakfast at a location within the park. More game drives. Lunch. Rest. Afternoon/evening game drives. Dinner and overnight at Ndutu Safari lodge/Lake Masek camp.


Day 8: Breakfast, full day game drive in Serengeti. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Katikati camp/Ecolodge Africa/Serengeti Sopa/Serena lodge.

Day 9: Breakfast, game drive as you exit the Serengeti national park. With picnic lunches via Olduvai drive to Ngorongoro for dinner and overnight at Ngorongoro Farm House/Plantation lodge/Gibbs Farm/Ngorongoro Sopa/Serena lodge.

Day 10: Early, drive into Ngorongoro crater for a tour of the crater. Picnic breakfast at a location within the crater. More game drives. Late lunch, rest, dinner and overnight at Ngorongoro Farm House/Plantation lodge/Gibbs Farm/Ngorongoro Sopa/Serena lodge.

Day 11: Breakfast, drive to Arusha in time for lunch (Arrival by 12pm).

OPTIONS: 1. Based on your travel dates, your safari consultant may suggest slight variation due to rainfall/wildlife pattern.
2. We can make use of other lodges and tented camps-ask your safari

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for overnight at The African Tulip.

Day 2: 08:30hrs Drive to Tarangire National park (120km, 2 hrs), game drive in the park followed by lunch. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Tarangire River camp.

Day 3: Breakfast, Full day game drive in Tarangire. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Tarangire River camp.

Day 4: After breakfast, game drive as you exit the Tarangire National Park, drive to Lake Manyara National park for game drive. Lunch at The camp/lodge. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Kirurumu tented lodge/Lake Manyara Serena lodge.

Day 5: Breakfast, drive to Lake Natron area. Lunch. Afternoon sightseeing in Lake Natron area. Dinner and overnight at Lake Natron camp.

Day 6: Breakfast, sightseeing in Lake Natron area. Visit the Oldoinyolengai Mountain, the Masaai mountain of god. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Lake Natron camp.

Day 7: Breakfast, with picnic lunches drive towards the northern part of Serengeti. Game drive en-route the lodge in Serengeti. Dinner and overnight at Lobo Wildlife lodge.

Day 8: Breakfast, with picnic lunches game drive en-route the Seronera valley. Dinner and overnight at Ecolodge Africa/Seronera Wildlife lodge/Serengeti Serena lodge.

Day 9: Breakfast, Full day game drive in Serengeti. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Ecolodge Africa/Seronera Wildlife lodge/Serengeti Serena lodge.

Day 10: Breakfast, game drive as you exit the Serengeti national park. With picnic lunches via Olduvai drive to Ngorongoro Serena lodge for dinner and overnight.

Day 11: Early descend into Ngorongoro crater for a tour of the crater. Picnic breakfast at a location within the park. Return to lodge for lunch, rest, dinner and overnight.

Day 12: Breakfast, drive to Lake Eyasi-sightseeing in the area. Lunch. Visit the Datoqa people in the area. Dinner and overnight at Kismangeda camp.

Day 13: Early expedition with the HADZA people return to the lodge for late breakfast. Rest. Sightseeing in the area. Dinner and overnight at Kismangeda camp.

Day 14: Breakfast, drive to Arusha for lunch. Afternoon drive to Arusha National park for an afternoon game drive. Dinner and overnight at Meru View lodge.

Day 15: Breakfast, walking Safari at Arusha National park. Lunch. Return to Arusha (Arrival by 13:00hrs).

OPTIONS:
1. Based on your travel dates, your safari consultant may suggest slight variation due to rainfall/wildlife pattern.
2. We can make use of other lodges and tented camps-ask your safari consultant for ideas.
TANZANIA MIGRATION SAFARI - RS 111: Arusha-Tarangire-Lake Manyara-Ngorongoro-Serengeti.

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for overnight at The African Tulip.

Day 2: 08:30hrs Drive to Tarangire National park (120km, 2 hrs), game drive in the park followed by lunch. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Tarangire River camp.

Day 3: Breakfast, Full day game drive in Tarangire. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Tarangire River camp.

Day 4: After breakfast, game drive as you exit the Tarangire National park, drive to Lake Manyara National park for game drive. Lunch at the camp/lodge. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Kirurumu tented lodge/Lake Manyara Serena lodge.


Day 6: 06:00hrs Descend into Ngorongoro crater for a tour of the crater. Picnic breakfast at a location within the crater. More game drives. Return to Ngorongoro Serena for late lunch, rest, dinner and overnight.

Day 7: Breakfast, with picnic lunches drive towards the central part of Serengeti. Game drive en-route the lodge in Serengeti. Dinner and overnight at Serengeti Serena lodge.

Day 8: Breakfast, full day game drive in Seronera area. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Serengeti Serena lodge.

Day 9: Breakfast, drive to northern Serengeti. With picnic lunches game drive viewing wildlife en-route the camp. Dinner and overnight at Exclusive mobile camp/Sayari camp/Serengeti Bushtops.

Day 10: Full day game drive in Northern Serengeti. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Exclusive mobile camp/Sayari camp/Serengeti Bushtops.

Day 11: Full day game drive in Northern Serengeti. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Exclusive mobile camp/Sayari camp/Serengeti Bushtops.

Day 12: After breakfast, game drive en-route the Kogatende airstrip for a REGIONAL AIR/TFC flight to Arusha (Arrival midday). Met on arrival and transfer to Arusha for onward arrangements.

OPTIONS:
1. Based on your travel dates, your safari consultant may suggest slight variation due to rainfall/wildlife pattern.
2. We can make use of other lodges and tented camps-ask your safari consultant for ideas.
TANZANIA UNDER CANVAS - RS108C: Tarangire- Lake Manyara-Ngorongoro-Serengeti

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for overnight at The African Tulip.

Day 2: 08:30hrs Drive to Tarangire National park (120Km, 2 hrs), game drive in the park followed by lunch. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Oliver’s camp.

Day 3: Breakfast, Full day game drive in Tarangire. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Oliver’s camp


Day 5: 06:00hrs Descend into Ngorongoro crater for a tour of the crater. Picnic breakfast at a location within the crater, more game drives. Return to Lemala Ngorongoro for late lunch, rest, dinner and overnight.

Day 6: Breakfast, with picnic lunches drive towards the southern part of Serengeti. Game drive en-route the camp in Serengeti. Dinner and overnight at Dunia camp.

Day 8: Breakfast, full day game drive in Serengeti. Lunch, dinner and overnight at Dunia camp.

Day 9: Breakfast, game drive en-route Seronera airstrip for REGIONAL AIR/TFC flight to Arusha (arrival midday). Met on arrival and transfer to Arusha for your onward arrangements.

OPTIONS:

1. Based on your travel dates, your safari consultant may suggest slight variation due to rainfall/wildlife pattern.

2. We can make use of other lodges and tented camps-ask your safari consultant for ideas.
TASTE OF TANZANIA- RS508 : Tarangire-Lake Manyara- Ngorongoro-
Serengeti. A Roy safaris signature camping safari.**

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for
overnight at The African Tulip.

Day 2: 08:30hrs Drive to Tarangire National park (120km, 2
hrs), game drive in the park followed by lunch. Afternoon/
evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Tarangire
camp.

Day 3: Breakfast, Full day game drive in Tarangire. Lunch, dinner
and overnight at Tarangire camp.

Day 4: After breakfast, game drive as you exit the Tarangire
National park, drive to Lake Manyara National park for
game drive. Lunch at the camp/lodge. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and
overnight at Lake Manyara camp.

Day 5: After breakfast, drive to Olduvai gorge, visit the museum. Picnic lunch. Drive to
Serengeti national park viewing wildlife en-route the camp. Dinner and overnight at
Seronera camp.

Day 6: 06:00hrs Sunrise game drive followed by late breakfast at the camp. Short rest.
Game drives. Lunch. Afternoon/evening game drive. Dinner and overnight at Seronera
camp.

Day 7: After breakfast, game drive as you exit the Serengeti national park. Drive to
Ngorongoro campsite for dinner and overnight.

Day 8: 06:00hrs Descend into Ngorongoro crater for a tour of the crater. Picnic breakfast
at a location within the crater. More game drives. Return to camp for late lunch,
rest, dinner and overnight.

Day 9: After breakfast, drive to Arusha in time for lunch and other onward arrangements.

OPTIONS:

1. Based on your travel dates, your safari consultant may suggest slight
variation due to rainfall/wildlife pattern.
2. **Program requires minimum of 4 persons to operate.
WINGS OVER SELOUS- RS304 : Selous Game Reserve.

Day 1: 15:40 hrs Arrival at Selous airstrip with COASTAL AIR flight. Met by your camp vehicle, begin game drive en-route the camp. Dinner and overnight at a Selous Luxury camp/ Mivumo River lodge.

Day 2: Breakfast, walking Safari in Selous. Lunch. Late afternoon boating on Rufiji river/Sundowner. Dinner and Overnight at Selous Luxury camp/Mivumo River lodge.

Day 3: Breakfast, game drive in Selous. Lunch. Late afternoon boating on Rufiji river/Sundowner. Dinner and Overnight at Selous Luxury camp/Mivumo River lodge.

Day 4: Breakfast, morning at leisure. Lunch. Transfer to Selous airstrip for your flight to Dar es Salaam/Zanzibar.

OPTIONS: We can make use of other camps and lodges in the area. Please ask us for details. Add on activities: This is an ideal itinerary for those wishing to extend their safari from Arusha, or a short getaway to Selous from Dar es Salaam. Ask your safari consultant to plan an extension to Pemba, Zanzibar or Mafia islands.
TOUR OF THE GIANTS- RS 306: Selous and Ruaha.

Day 1: 15:40 hrs Arrival at Ruaha airstrip. Met by your camp vehicle, transfer to camp for lunch. Late afternoon game drive. Dinner and overnight at Mwagusi camp.


Day 3: Breakfast, transfer to Ruaha airstrip for your COASTAL airlift to Selous, departing Ruaha at 11:45 hrs arriving Selous at 13:05. Met by your camp vehicle, transfer to camp for lunch. Evening boat ride on Rufiji river/sundowner. Dinner and overnight at Selous Luxury camp/Mivumo River lodge.

Day 4: Breakfast, walking Safari in Selous. Lunch. Late afternoon boating on Rufiji river/Sundowner. Dinner and overnight at Selous Luxury camp/Mivumo River lodge.

Day 5: Breakfast, walking Safari in Selous. Lunch. Late afternoon boating on Rufiji river/Sundowner. Dinner and overnight at Selous Luxury camp/Mivumo River lodge.

Day 6: Breakfast, transfer to Selous airstrip for your COASTAL Air flight to Zanzibar/Dar es Salaam departing Selous at 09.45 hrs.

OPTIONS: We can make use of other camps and lodges in the area. Please ask your safari consultant for details.

Add on activities: This is an ideal itinerary for those wishing to extend their safari from Arusha, or a short getaway to Ruaha/Selous from Dar es Salaam. Ask your safari consultant to plan an extension to Pemba, Zanzibar or Mafia islands.
WESTERN TANZANIA ITINERARY

GOMBE SAFARI - RS 404G: 1 Nite at Kigoma Hilltop/2 nites at Gombe Forest lodge. Departures: Every Monday

Day 1: 07:00hrs Pick up from The African Tulip, transfer to Arusha airport for ZANTAS Air shared Charter to Kigoma. Met on arrival by Kigoma Hilltop hotel, transfer to the hotel for lunch. Afternoon guided visit to Ujiji/Livingstone memorial or to a local fishing village. Dinner and overnight at Kigoma Hilltop hotel.


Day 3 Early breakfast, chimpanzee trekking, return to the lodge for lunch. Afternoon relax at The lodge. Dinner and overnight at Gombe Forest lodge.

Day 4 Breakfast, bid farewell to your team at Gombe Forest lodge, boat ride to Kigoma, met on arrival, transfer to Kigoma airport. With picnic lunch board a ZANTAS AIR shared charter to Arusha (Arrival around 18:00 hrs).

Notes:
1. Chimpanzee trek is limited to 6 persons per group and a maximum of 1 hour per group at a time.
2. Due to distances and transfer time—it is necessary to have a night at Kigoma Hilltop hotel.

KATAVI SAFARI (RS 404K) 3 nites at Katuma Bush lodge-Katavi National park. Departures: Every Monday

Day 1: 07:00 hrs pick up from The African Tulip, transfer to Arusha airport for a ZANTAS AIR charter flight to Katavi national park. Met on arrival, transfer to Katuma Bush lodge for lunch. Late afternoon/evening game drive/Sundowner. Dinner and overnight at Katuma Bush lodge.


Day 4: Breakfast at leisure, with picnic lunches transfer to Katavi airstrip for a ZANTAS AIR shared charter to Arusha (Arrival around 18:00).

OPTION
• It is possible to offer similar program using Lake Chada camp. Please ask your safari consultant for ideas.
MAHALE MOUNTAINS - “THE M” Safari” RS 404M- 3 nites at Mahale Mountains National park.

Day 1: 07:00 hrs pick up from The African Tulip, transfer to Arusha airport for a ZANTAS Air charter flight to mahale airstrip. Met on arrival, motorized boat transfer to Mahale mountains national park (1.5 hours) introduction. Lunch. Afternoon short forest hike. Dinner and overnight at Kungwe Beach lodge.


Day 4: Breakfast, with picnic lunches transfer by a motorized boat to Mahale airstrip for a ZANTAS AIR shared charter flight to Arusha (Arrival around 18:00hrs).

Notes:
• Chimpanzee trek is limited to 6 persons per group and a maximum of 1 hour per group/visit.

OPTION:
• It is possible to offer similar program using Greystoke Mahale camp. Please ask your safari consultant for ideas.

Combination packages: It is possible to plan combination packages involving western parks as indicated above on a standalone itinerary or some of the parks in conjunction with camps in Serengeti. As your safari consultant for ideas.
Kilimanjaro National Park.

The highest point in Africa has been nominated as one of the 7 natural wonders of the world. Mount Kilimanjaro, a dormant volcano, is composed of three volcanic centres: Shira, Mawenzi and Kibo. The summit of Mt. Kilimanjaro, at 5,895m, is located on Kibo.

Kilimanjaro can be trekked via Marangu, Rongai, Machame, Umbwe, Shira and Lemosho routes. Only Marangu provides for shelters (shared huts) along the way. The other routes are all camping. The time taken to trek each of these routes vary between 6 to 8 days. This is not a technical climbing mountain, however, we recommend that potential trekkers are well informed about their chosen route, acclimatization options, equipment, their physical capability and safety.

**How to get to Kilimanjaro:** It is about 2-4 hour’s drive from Arusha to any of the ascent points along the route.

**What to do:** Trekking, day hikes, cultural tours, visit one of many view points as Kilimanjaro reveals its beauty or simply relax at the base of the mountain. It is all a therapy in its own right!

Mt Meru

This is Tanzania’s “other mountain”. Mt. Meru, at 4,565m, offers trekkers and climbers a unique experience to conquer this “little giant”. We recommend 4 days to enjoy a hike up this mountain.

**How to get to Mt. Meru:** It is about 1 hour’s drive from Arusha.

**What to do:** Hike Mt Meru or day hike to lower slopes of the mountain.
OLDOINYO LENGAI

Tanzania’s active volcano exhibits unique characteristics as it is the only volcano that produces white lava. The Masaai who inhabit the area named it Oldoinyolengai, literary translated it means “Mountain of God”.

At Roy Safaris, we think that Oldoinyolengai, due to its unique and somewhat strange characteristics, beauty and mystery all packed together in one should be not be missed.

How to get to Oldoinyolengai: It is located in Northern Tanzania in the Lake Natron area. The drive from Arusha takes about 4-5 hours.

What to do: Climb Oldoinyolengai, visit nearby hot springs and Lake Natron, a breeding ground for flamingoes.
KILIMANJARO MARANGU ROUTE 6 days - RS 206

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for overnight at The African Tulip.

Day 2: Early breakfast, 08h00 Drive to Marangu gate (2 hrs, 1800m). Begin the registration process with the mountain authorities and meet the rest of your crew. With picnic lunches begin trekking through the rainforest to reach Mandara hut (5-6 hours, 2600m). Dinner and overnight at Marangu hut.

Day 3: Breakfast, 08h00 Begin your second day on Kilimanjaro leaving the rainforest behind you, you will soon be getting a clear view of the KIBO, where the summit of Mt. Kilimanjaro is located. On a clear day, you should be able to see Mt. Meru as well. Picnic lunch at a location along the way. (5-6 hours, 3600m). Dinner and overnight at Horombo Hut.

Day 4: ACCLIMATISATION DAY: Breakfast, trek to Mawenzi Saddle (4100m) and back to Horombo Hut. Picnic lunches along the way. Dinner and overnight at Horombo Hut.

Day 5: Breakfast, 08h00 Begin your fourth day on Kilimanjaro, Kibo seems nearer! Keep walking and you will soon reach the last water point. Continue through the saddle to reach Kibo Hut early dinner, overnight at Kibo hut (5 hours, 4600m).

Day 6: 00:00hrs After a small snack and a warm drink, begin your trek on a winding path to reach the Gilman’s point (5 hours, 5600m), continue for another hour or so of trek to reach the SUMMIT of Mt. Kilimanjaro, the highest point in Africa, 5895 m. As the sun rises on the horizon, the views that you will glance are worth every effort that you made over the last couple of days. This is your reward for getting to the highest point of Africa, CONGRATULATIONS! You will then start your return journey to reach Kibo hut (2 hours) where your crew shall be waiting for you, you shall be treated to some energy drinks and light snacks. Short rest. Trek down to Horombo Hut for dinner and overnight (3-4 hours, 3600m).

Day 7: Late breakfast, descend to Marangu park gate (3-4hrs, 1800m). Some refreshments along with picnic lunch. Bid farewell to your crew that has been with you for the past several days. Drive back to Arusha (2hrs) for a soothing shower and a celebratory dinner at The African Tulip.

OPTIONS:

1. Safari extension.
2. Beach extension.
KILIMANJARO MACHAME ROUTE 7 days - RS 207

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for overnight at The African Tulip.

Day 2: Early breakfast, 07h30 Drive to Machame gate (1800m, 2 hrs). Begin the registration process with the mountain authorities and meet the rest of your crew. With picnic lunches begin trekking through the rainforest to reach Machame camp (5-6 hours, 3000m). Dinner and overnight at Machame campsite.

Day 3: Breakfast, 08h00 Begin your second day on Kilimanjaro leaving the rainforest behind you, you will soon be arriving at Shira plateau from where a clear view of western breach and Kibo would be visible. On a clear day, you should be able to see Mt. Meru as well. Picnic lunch at a location along the way. Continue trekking to reach Shira camp. (5-6 hours, 3800 m). Dinner and overnight at Shira campsite.

Day 4: Breakfast, 08h00 Begin your third day on Kilimanjaro with spectacular views and cloud covers below you. It is a sight to behold! Your trek this day takes you to almost 4500m (Lava tower), picnic lunch at a location along the way, descend to Barranco campsite (5-6 hours, 3900m). Dinner and overnight at Barranco campsite.

Day 5: Breakfast, 07h00 Begin your fourth and most important day on Kilimanjaro, you are slowly but surely making your way to summit Kilimanjaro! Trek through to Karanga Valley, the last water point for dinner and overnight (3-4 hours, 4000m).

Day 6: Breakfast, relax, early lunch trek to Barafu campsite. Rest, early dinner and overnight (3 hours, 4600m).

Day 7: 00h00 After a small snack and a warm drink, begin your trek on a winding path to reach the Stella point (5 hours, 5680m). At this stage as per park requirements, you have summated the Kilimanjaro—if your pace was right, you should have arrived at Stella point by 05h00; another hour or so of trek would have you arriving at the SUMMIT, the highest point in Africa, 5895 m. As the sun rises on the horizon, the views that you will glance are worth every effort that you made over the last couple of days. This is your reward for getting to the highest point in Africa, congratulations! You will then start your return journey to reach Barafu camp where your crew shall be waiting for you, you shall be treated to some energy drinks and light snacks. Short rest. Trek down to Mweka camp for dinner and overnight (3-4 hours, 3100m).

Day 8: Late breakfast, descend to Mweka gate (2hrs, 1800m). Some refreshments along with picnic lunch. Bid farewell to your crew that has been with you for the past several days. Drive back to Arusha (2hrs) for a soothing shower and a celebratory dinner at The African Tulip.

OPTIONS:
1. Safari extension
2. Beach extension.
KILIMANJARO RONGAI ROUTE  6DAYS - RS 206R

Day 1: Arrival at Kilimanjaro airport. Transfer to Arusha for overnight at The African Tulip.
Day 2: Early breakfast, 08h30 Drive to Rongai gate (2000m, 5 hrs). Begin the registration process with the mountain authorities and meet the rest of your crew. With picnic lunches begin trekking through the rainforest to reach Fist cave on the edge of the moorland zone (3 hours, 2880m). Dinner and overnight at First Cave camp
Day 3: Breakfast, 08h00 Begin your second day on Kilimanjaro leaving the rainforest behind you, as you continue hike towards the second cave you will be treated to amazing views of Kibo. Dinner and overnight at Second Cave camp (3450m, 3-4 hours).
Day 4: Breakfast, 08h00 Begin your third day on Kilimanjaro with spectacular views and cloud covers below you. It is a sight to behold! Your trek this day takes you to almost 4300m at the base of the Mawenzi. Dinner and overnight at Mawenzi tarn hut (4330m, 4-5 hrs).
Day 5: Breakfast, 08h00 Begin your day with a spectacular view of the KIBO, where the summit of Kilimanjaro is located. This is your focus on this day, hike to Kibo hut campsite (4750m, 5 hours). Dinner and overnight.
Day 6: 00h00 After a small snack and a warm drink, begin your trek on a winding path to reach the Gilmans (5 hours, 5685m). Short rest, at this point you will reflect on the hard work that you have done to get to this point. It is an experience that is hard to describe in words. Continue to hike for another 1 hour towards the summit as the sun rises on the horizon, the views that you will glance are worth every effort that you made over the last couple of days. This is your reward for getting to the highest point in Africa (5895m), congratulations! You will then start your return journey to reach Kibo hut campsite (4750m, 2 hours) where your crew shall be waiting for you, you shall be treated to some energy drinks and light snacks. Trek down to Horombo hut campsite for dinner and overnight (3700m, 4 hours)
Day 7: Late breakfast, descend to Marangu gate (2hrs, 1800m). Some refreshments along with picnic lunch. Bid farewell to your crew that has been with you for the past several days. Drive back to Arusha (2hrs) for a soothing shower and a celebratory dinner at The African Tulip.

OPTIONS:
1. Safari extension
2. Beach extension.

Other routes: We are able to arrange Kilimanjaro treks via Shira, Umbwe & Lemosho routes. Write to us for more details.
MT MERU ITINERARY - RS 204

Day 1  08:00 Pick up from your hotel, transfer to Momella park gates (1 hour). Complete registration formalities. Begin hike of Mt. Meru accompanied by your park ranger through the open grasslands reaching the arch shaped fig tree. Picnic lunch. Continue hiking through the lower slopes of this mountain to reach Miriakamba hut by late afternoon (5-6 hours, 2500m). Dinner and overnight at Miriakamba hut.

Day 2  Breakfast, 09h00 leaving the Miriakamba hut your trek takes you on a steep climb towards the half way point-The Elephant ridge, the views of the summit ridge and the park below you are a sight to behold. Continue steadily walking your way up to reach Saddle hut in time for late lunch. Relax at Saddle hut. Dinner and overnight at Saddle hut (3570, 4hrs). Optional-in the afternoon you may wish to visit the nearby little Meru Peak (3820m).

Day 3  Your day starts rather early (01:00hrs) with refreshments and a light snack, 02:00 hrs begin your ascent to the summit of Mt. Meru passing through the Rhino point (3800m) and onward to the summit of Mt. Meru by sunrise, you have now reached the second highest point in Tanzania (4566 m). From the summit, weather permitting as the sun rises you will have most rewarding views of the Crater rim, the Ash cone and Kilimanjaro floating in a horizon. Continue your descent to the Rhino point for a better glimpse of the Ashcone and onward to Saddle hut for a brunch. Short rest. Continue to Mirikiamba hut for dinner and overnight (2500m).

Day 4  Late breakfast, continue trekking down to the momella gates, along the way you will come across wildlife such as giraffe, Dik Dik and The Blue and White Colobus monkeys. Arrival at the momella gate by 11h00-Bid farewell to your ranger and other sup port staff. Drive back to your hotel in Arusha.
At Roy Safaris we offer a variety of activities to enhance your safari itinerary. We recommend the following options as add-ons to your safari itinerary:

1. **Balloon Ride:** Enjoy a birds-eye view of the African wilderness at dawn. The experience of floating above the tree tops while gazing at the flora and fauna below is difficult to put in words. Ask your safari consultant to plan a balloon ride in the following national parks:
   - Tarangire
   - Lake Manyara
   - Serengeti.
   Rides normally begin at 06.00am, and last for about an hour followed by a luxurious champagne breakfast...somewhere in the middle of nowhere!!! You may then continue with your normal scheduled activities for the day.

2. **Canoe Safari:** Explore the fascinating Momella lakes from a canoe. This activity, lasting 1-2 hours, is arranged by a licensed operator of canoe safaris at Arusha National Park. The best times to enjoy a canoe ride is early morning and late after noon.

3. **Cycling Safari:** This activity involves riding down the Rift Valley escarpment into Mto wa Mbu Village and the shores of Lake Manyara. For an average biker this activity takes about 3 hours.

4. **Walking Safari:** Arusha National Park is one of the best destinations for a safari on foot. The landscape, the views of Kilimanjaro, sightings of elephants, giraffes, Black and White Colobus monkeys and a variety of birds, combine to offer a fabulous encounter with nature. This activity, with a ranger, takes about 2-4 hours.

5. **Ngorongoro Crater highlands walk:** There are several options available. A ranger accompanies all walks. We would recommend the following:
   - **Ngorongoro crater rim hike:** This hike/walk takes you along the Ngorongoro Crater rim. Please allow 2 hours for this activity. Recommended time: Morning.
   - **Olmoti and Empakaai Crater hike:** To the northeast of Ngorongoro Crater are lesser known, but equally important, craters. They are less visited and make an ideal destination for a walking safari.
     i. **Olmoti crater:** Your driver/guide will transfer you to Nainokanoka Ranger Post, from here you will be accompanied by your ranger up the crater rim (30 minutes), walk around and into the crater to see the water falls. Hike back to the rim and ranger post. During this walk, you may come across various wildlife, including buffaloes and eland.
     ii. **Empakaai crater:** Further northeast from Olmoti, lies this larger crater and feeding ground for flamingoes. Your driver/guide will transfer you to Bulati ranger post, from here you will be accompanied by your ranger to the crater rim where you can view Oldoinyolengai volcano on a clear day and Kilimanjaro on the horizon. Trek down into the crater to see thousands of flamingoes feeding on the volcanic lake. Hike back to the rim of the crater (2 hours) for a transfer to your lodge in the Ngorongoro area. This is a full day activity.

6. **Endoro Falls Walking**
   Endoro Falls is located on the southern edge of the Ngorongoro forest. The walk takes you through the forest, the elephant caves and Endoro waterfalls. This is a 2-3 hour moderate hike through unspoil forest. On a typical visit, you can come across Dik Dik (the world’s smallest antelope) and other forest creatures, including amazing bird life. Elephants also frequent this forest for its salt as this is evident from the cave-like structures that has been carved by elephants in search of this important nutrient. Following the hike, you may wish to visit a reforestation project initiated by Roy Safaris. We have a nursery where we would encourage you to plant a tree which will be nurtured by us.
Our Fleet

Roy Safaris operates and manages its own fleet of vehicles. Below are the types of vehicles we operate.

1. Toyota LandCruiser 5 seater version - Four wheel drive vehicle: 10
2. Toyota LandCruiser 7 seater version - Four wheel drive vehicle: 12
3. Nissan Patrol 7 seater version - Four wheel drive vehicle: 4
4. Toyota Hiace transfer bus: 1
5. Toyota Coaster 26 seater transfer bus: 1
6. Mercedes Benz MCV 260 26 seater luxury transfer bus: 1
Beach holidays—Zanzibar, Pemba, Mafia and Pangani

ZANZIBAR ARCHIPELAGO
The Zanzibar archipelago, off the coast of mainland Tanzania, is composed of two islands, Unguja and Pemba. Of the two islands Unguja, commonly referred to as Zanzibar has a rich history as a trading hub in slaves, spices and ivory. A walk through Stone Town, a UNESCO World Heritage Site will reveal history at every step. Its narrow streets filled with Arabian and Indian architecture, the colourful market and entrancing taarab music will take you back to a bygone era.

Zanzibar is a very special and unique destination as you can enjoy both its rich history and pristine beaches. Zanzibar and Pemba islands offer world class facilities. Zanzibar island is ranked among the top 10 most outstanding beach destinations in world tourist surveys. Ask our safari consultants on how you can include Zanzibar and Pemba in your itinerary.

How to get to Zanzibar: Zanzibar is served by Kisauni international airport and several international carriers fly directly into Zanzibar from Europe and other parts of the world. It is a short flight from mainland Tanzania. Although there are high speed boats that operate between Dar es Salaam and Zanzibar, we recommend taking the flight as it is a more reliable option.

What to do in Zanzibar: Visit Stone Town, Prison Island, the Sultan’s Harem or Jozani forest, snorkeling/diving and swim with dolphins.

PEMBA
This island lies north of Unguja. Pemba is famed for its abundant marine life, coral reefs and almost untouched beaches. It is less crowded compared to Unguja and much quieter. Ask your safari consultant how you can include Pemba in your itinerary.

What to do in Pemba: Snorkeling/Diving, bird watching or simply get a tan!

How to get to Pemba: A daily flight from Arusha via Dar es Salaam and Zanzibar.

MAFIA ISLAND
This island lies south of Zanzibar island with a history dating as far back as 8th century. Like other cities in the Swahili coast Mafia was a trading port between east africa and far east. Due to its diversity in marine life, mafia island was declared Tanzania’s first marine park.

How to get to Mafia: There are daily flights from Arusha/Dar es Salaam and Zanzibar to Mafia island.

What to do in Mafia island: Scuba diving, snorkeling and relaxing, visiting historical sites.
PANGANI, Tanzania's newest beach area and best kept secret.
Pangani is located some 470 km south-east of Arusha. The journey from Arusha takes you through Moshi, Same, Segera and finally to the mouth of Pangani river. A brand new ferry that operates from 06:30 hrs to 18:30hrs will take you across to Pangani town.

A Swahili coast town: Archaeologists have found evidence of settlements dating back to the 15th century; however its importance as a major trading hub came about in the 19th century when Pangani was a terminus for the trade caravan routes, especially the selling of slaves coming from the interior of then Tanganyika and beyond. As the slave trade was stopped, Pangani soon became the administrative centre for the German rule and eventually fell into British administration following defeat of Germany in World War II. Even today, it is still possible to see the old buildings and bomas that once stood strong under the various powers.

Today, almost a century later, Pangani has changed a little and therefore it offers a visitor to Tanzania an unforgettable experience that cannot be found anywhere else in East Africa. It is for this reason a destination that is only known to a few who have been there, enjoyed and gone back with pleasant memories of a bygone era.

Secrets revealed: Pangani has it all, from the Swahili Coast’s rich history and culture, to pristine and palm-fringed beaches, deep-sea fishing plus a marine reserve.

In 2003 local fishermen accidentally caught a fish called “Coelacanth”, which is referred to as a “living fossil”. This type of fish is thought to pre-date dinosaurs by over 300 million years! Due to the fact that this fish is only found in small numbers off South Africa and Indonesia, it is classified as a critically endangered species. As a result of this discovery, the government of Tanzania in 2009 declared a large area north of Pangani to be a marine reserve to protect this rare fish. The reserve includes South Head & Tongoni Reef, plus Karange and Yambe Islands.

How to get to Pangani: A 6-hour drive by road, or a scheduled flight (minimum 2 persons) that operates from Arusha daily departing at 1300hrs, arriving Pangani airstrip at 15:20 (via Zanzibar). Return flight departs Pangani at 1540hrs and arrives Arusha at 17:00hrs.

What to do: Relax at the beach, take a walk into Pangani town, meet local people, snorkeling, diving, deep-sea fishing, visit Magrotto Farm for bird watching or visit Saadani National park- the only national park offering a combined bush and beach experience.
GENERAL INFORMATION/FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

1. **General information:**

   **Location:** Tanzania is located in East Africa, to the north lie Kenya and Uganda, Rwanda, Burundi, Lake Tanganyika, Democratic Republic of Congo to the west, Zambia, Malawi and Lake Nyasa to the south west, Mozambique to the south, and Indian ocean to the east.

   **Formation of Tanzania:** The United Republic of Tanzania came into existence on 26th April 1964 after union between Tanganyika (mainland) and Zanzibar archipelago (Pemba and Unguja islands).

   **Language:** Swahili is the national language while English is the official business language.

   **Area:** The United Republic of Tanzania is the largest country in East Africa occupying some 945,200 square kilometers.

   **Population:** As per 2009 estimate, Tanzania has a population of about 44 Million people.

   **Religion:** As per available records, 65% of Tanzanians practice Christianity, 32 % Islam and 3% traditional beliefs. The coastal regions of Tanzania are predominately moslem while the islands of Zanzibar, Pemba are 99% moslem.

   **Climate:** Tanzania has an equatorial/tropical climate. The coldest months are from May to July with temperatures ranging from 15-20C while the hottest period records an average temperature of 30C during mid afternoons. Some regions of Tanzania, especially those in the highland areas exhibit a lower temperature due to altitude. In terms of rainfall, Tanzania has 2 major seasons these are: Mid March-May long rains and October–December, short rains.

   **Electricity:** 220-240 V, 50 Hz alternating current. 3 pin square plugs/sockets are common.

   **Currency:** The official currency is Tanzania shilling (abbreviated Tshs or TZS). At the time of printing this brochure, 1 US Dollar was trading at Tshs 1700/-

2. **FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS.**

   - **How to get into Tanzania:** There are three major airports in Tanzania that are served by international carriers flying into The United Republic of Tanzania.
     - **Kilimanjaro international airport:** this is the nearest airport to the safari capital of Tanzania, Arusha. It is served by KLM, Ethiopian Airlines, Air Kenya and Precision Air which has many convenient connections with its parent company Kenya Airways via the East African regional hub-Nairobi’s Jomo Kenyatta airport. There are a number of domestic flights from Dar es Salaam that arrive at Kilimanjaro airport.
     - **Dar es Salaam, J.K. Nyerere international airport:** Airlines flying into Tanzania’s commercial capital are: KLM, Swiss International Airlines, British Airways, Emirates, Qatar, Kenya Airways and South African Airways.
     - **Zanzibar’s Kisauni International airport:** This airport serves the island of Zanzibar; airlines flying into this airport are Kenya Airways, Precision Air, Ethiopian Airlines and a number of charter flights directly from Europe.

   - **Malaria:** Some areas of Tanzania are malaria endemic, especially along the coastal regions. We recommend that prior to visiting Tanzania, you consult your physician on the right prophylaxis for you.

   - **Vaccination:** This is not mandatory for travelers entering Tanzania directly from Western Europe and north America. Please check with your safari consultant on updated information.

   - **Visa:** Everyone entering Tanzania requires a visa. This is easily available at major entry points into Tanzania, however, some nationals may require a referral visa. Please check with your safari consultant about your visa eligibility.

   - **Booking terms and conditions:** These are available on request through your safari consultant. On confirmation of your booking with us, we assume that you are in agreement with our terms and conditions as provided.
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